## Overview of EU rail reform (,railway packages') and Swiss rail reform

	Key points	Implementation in Switzerland
Directive 91/440/EEC (1991)	- Railways to become independent operators	Implemented in step 1 (1999)
	- Organisational separation of transport services and infrastructure with separate accounts	
	- Greater competition on the railway network, especially in freight traffic	
First EU Railway Package (2001)	<ul> <li>Non-discriminatory access to railway network</li> <li>Further liberalisation of freight traffic</li> <li>Independent train-route allocation body</li> </ul>	- Largely implemented in step 2.2 of the railway reform and in the legislation package on organising the railway infrastructure (OBI)
Second EU Railway Package (2004)	- Harmonisation of safety measures and interoperability	- Implemented in step 2.2 of the railway reform
	- Complete liberalisation of freight traffic	- No plans for implementation
	- European Railway Agency (ERA)	- Ongoing negotiation of Swiss ERA membership
Third EU Railway Package (2007)	- Liberalisation of international passenger transport	- Implementation under review
	- Passenger rights	- Implementation in 2021
	- Certification of train crews	- Implemented
Recast of the First Railway Package (2012)	- Establishment of a regulatory body - Rules on train path charges	- Implemented
	- Liberalisation of international passenger transport according to the third EU railway package	- Implementation under review
	- Complete liberalisation of freight traffic	- No plans for implementation
Fourth EU Railway Package (2016)	- Complete liberalisation of national passenger transport	- No plans for implementation

- Separation of traffic and	<ul><li>Review pending</li><li>Gradual implementation under way</li></ul>
infrastructure, including the question of	
a single holding company	
<u>Technical pillar</u>	
- Expand the responsibilities of ERA, ensure interoperability and safety	